

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER**

#### A. PURPOSE

The primary function of the audit committee (the "**Committee**") is to assist the Board of Directors (the "**Board**") in fulfilling its financial oversight responsibilities by reviewing the financial reports and other financial information provided by the Company to regulatory authorities and shareholders, the Company's systems of internal controls regarding finance and accounting and the Company's auditing, accounting and financial reporting processes.

The Committee's primary duties and responsibilities are to:

- serve as an independent and objective party to oversee the Company's accounting and financial reporting processes and internal control system, and compliance with ethical standards adopted by the Company;
- oversee the quality and integrity of the Company's financial statements;
- oversee, review and appraise the qualifications, performance and independence of the Company's external auditor; and
- oversee the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

Consistent with its function, the Committee should encourage continuous improvement of, and should foster adherence to, the Company's policies, procedures and practices at all levels. The Committee should also provide for an open avenue of communication among the Company's external auditor, financial and senior management, and the Board.

#### B. COMPOSITION

- The Committee shall be comprised of at least three directors as determined by the Board, all of whom shall be "independent" directors in accordance with the securities laws, rules, regulations and guidelines of all applicable securities regulatory authorities, including without limitation the securities commissions in each of the provinces and territories of Canada and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, and the stock exchanges on which the Company's securities are listed, including without limitation the Toronto Stock Exchange and the NYSE American LLC (collectively, "Securities Laws"), subject to any exemptions provided thereunder.
- 2. Each member of the Committee shall satisfy the financial literacy and experience requirements of Securities Laws as determined by the Board, except as permitted by applicable securities regulatory guidelines. Each member of the Committee shall be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including the Company's statement of financial position, statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income and statement of cash flows. At least one member of the Committee must be financially sophisticated within the meaning of Rule 803B of the NYSE American LLC Company Guide and must be an "audit committee financial expert" as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) and (iii) of Regulation S-K.

- 3. The determination as to whether a particular director satisfies the requirements for membership on the Committee shall be made by the full Board.
- 4. The members of the Committee shall be elected by the Board at its first meeting following the annual shareholders' meeting and shall serve until the next annual shareholders' meeting or until earlier resignation or death. The Board may remove any member from the Committee at any time with or without cause. Unless a Chair is elected by the Board, the members of the Committee may designate a Chair by a majority vote of the full Committee membership.

#### C. MEETINGS

- 1. Except as expressly provided in this Charter, the Articles of the Company or applicable Securities Laws, the Committee shall fix its own rules of procedure.
- In order to discharge its responsibilities, the Committee shall establish a schedule of meetings on an annual basis (with meetings at least quarterly, or more frequently as circumstances dictate or as may be prescribed by securities regulatory requirements) and shall otherwise meet at such times as the Chair of the Committee shall designate.
- 3. As part of its job to foster open communication, the Committee will meet at least quarterly with the Chief Financial Officer and, in a separate session, with the external auditor.
- 4. At all meetings of the Committee, the presence of a majority of the members will constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business and the vote of a majority of the members present shall be the act of the Committee. In the event of an equality of votes, the Chair of the Committee shall not have a second casting vote.
- 5. Members of the Committee may participate in a meeting of the Committee by conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all people participating in the meeting can hear each other and participation in such a meeting will constitute presence in person at such a meeting.
- 6. Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Committee may be taken without a meeting if all of its members consent in writing to the action and such writing is filed with the records of proceedings of the Committee.
- Directors not on the Committee may attend meetings at their discretion. At the invitation of the Chair
  of the Committee, members of management and outside consultants shall attend Committee
  meetings.
- 8. The Chair shall develop and set the Committee's agenda in consultation with other members of the Committee and Company management, as necessary. The agenda and any supporting material shall be communicated to members in advance to the extent practical to permit meaningful review.
- 9. The Committee shall maintain minutes of meetings and report to the Board on significant matters arising at Committee meetings at the next scheduled meeting of the Board.

#### D. AUTHORITY

- 1. The Committee has the authority to conduct investigations into any matters within its scope of responsibility and obtain advice and assistance from outside legal, accounting, or other advisers, as necessary, to perform its duties and responsibilities.
- 2. In carrying out its duties and responsibilities, the Committee shall have full and free access to officers and employees of the Company and its books and records. Any meetings or contacts that

the Committee wishes to initiate may be arranged through the CEO or the Corporate Secretary or directly by the Chair or other member of the Committee. The Committee will use its judgment to ensure that any such contact is not disruptive to the business operations of the Company.

3. The Company will provide appropriate funding, as determined by the Committee, for payment of: (i) compensation to any registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company; (ii) compensation to any advisors employed by the Committee, and (iii) ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

#### E. RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

To fulfill its responsibilities and duties, the Committee shall:

#### 1. <u>Financial Reporting</u>

- (a) In collaboration with management and the independent auditor, review and approve (or recommend to the Board for approval) the Company's annual and interim financial statements, management's discussion and analysis, any annual and interim earnings press releases and any reports or other financial information to be submitted to any governmental and/or regulatory body, or the public, including any certification, report, opinion, or review rendered by the external auditor for the purpose of recommending their approval to the Board prior to their filing, issue or publication. The Chair of the Committee may represent the entire Committee for purposes of this review in circumstances where time does not allow the full Committee to be available;
- (b) review analyses prepared by management and/or the external auditor setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgements made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative GAAP or IFRS methods on the financial statements:
- (c) review the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off balance sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company;
- (d) ensure that adequate procedures are in place for the review of the Company's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Company's financial statements, as well as review any financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies, and periodically assess the adequacy of those procedures; and
- (e) review and approve (or recommend to the Board for approval), prior to public release, such other public disclosures with respect to financial information including guidance, prospectus, annual information form, annual report, management information circular, material change report, as the Committee considers appropriate.

## 2. External Auditor

"External auditor" as used here shall mean any registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company. Each such external auditor shall report directly to the Committee. With respect to the external auditor, the Committee shall:

(a) review annually, the performance of the external auditor who shall be ultimately accountable to the Board and the Committee as representatives of the shareholders of the Company;

- (b) obtain annually, a formal written statement of external auditor setting forth all relationships between the external auditor and the Company consistent with The Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Rule 3526;
- (c) review and discuss with the external auditor any disclosed relationships or services that may have an impact on the objectivity and independence of the external auditor;
- (d) appoint, retain and replace the external auditor to be nominated annually for shareholder approval;
- (e) determine the compensation to be paid to the external auditor;
- (f) Assess the independence of the external auditor, receive the report of the independent auditor and review the resolution of disagreements between management and the external auditor regarding financial reporting;
- (g) at each meeting, where desired, consult with the external auditor, without the presence of management, about the quality of the Company's accounting principles, internal controls and the completeness and accuracy of the Company's financial statements;
- (h) review and approve the Company's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the present and former external auditor of the Company;
- (i) review with the external auditor the audit plan for the year-end financial statements; and
- (j) pre-approve all non-audit-related services and the fees and other compensation related thereto provided by the Company's external auditor. The authority to pre-approve non-audit services may be delegated by the Committee to one or more independent members of the Committee, provided that such pre-approval must be presented to the Committee's first scheduled meeting following such pre- approval. Pre-approval of non-audit services is satisfied if:
  - (i) the aggregate amount of all the non-audit services that were not pre-approved is reasonably expected to constitute no more than 5% of the total amount of fees paid by the Company and subsidiaries to the Company's external auditor during the fiscal year in which the services are provided;
  - (ii) the Company or a subsidiary did not recognize the services as non-audit services at the time of the engagement; and
  - (iii) the services are promptly brought to the attention of the Committee and approved, prior to completion of the audit, by the Committee or by one or more of its members to whom authority to grant such approvals has been delegated by the Committee.

## 3. <u>Financial Reporting Processes, Accounting Policies and Internal Control Structure</u>

- (a) in consultation with the external auditor, review with management the integrity of the Company's financial reporting process, both internal and external;
- (b) periodically review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and the Company's internal control over financial reporting, including any significant deficiencies and significant changes in internal controls;

- (c) consider the external auditor's judgments about the quality and appropriateness of the Company's accounting principles as applied in its financial reporting;
- (d) consider and approve, if appropriate, changes to the Company's auditing and accounting principles and practices as suggested by the external auditor and management;
- (e) review significant judgments made by management in the preparation of the financial statements and the view of the external auditor as to appropriateness of such judgments;
- (f) following completion of the annual audit, review separately with management and the external auditor any significant difficulties encountered during the course of the audit, including any restrictions on the scope of work or access to required information;
- (g) review any significant disagreement among management and the external auditor in connection with the preparation of the financial statements;
- (h) review with the external auditor and management the extent to which changes and improvements in financial or accounting practices have been implemented;
- (i) review any complaints or concerns about any questionable accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters;
- (j) receive and review any disclosure from the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer made in connection with the certification of the Company's quarterly and annual financial statements, regarding:
  - significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data; and
  - (ii) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls.
- (k) establish a procedure for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters;
- (I) establish a procedure for the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters;
- (m) review the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance-sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company; and
- (n) review and report to the Board with respect to all related-party transactions, unless a special committee has been established by the Board to consider a particular matter.

## 4. Ethical Compliance, Legal Compliance and Risk Management

(a) periodically review and recommend changes to the Board of the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code"), monitor compliance with the Code, investigate any alleged breach or violation of the Code that is reported to it and enforce the provisions of the Code. The Committee shall consider any requests for waivers from the Code, provided that a waiver from the Code for directors or executive officers must be approved by the Board. The Company shall make prompt disclosure of such waivers of the Code to Canadian and U.S. securities regulatory authorities as required by law;

- (b) review, with the Company's counsel, legal compliance and legal matters that could have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements;
- (c) review with the Company's external auditors, and if necessary, legal counsel or other advisors, any litigation, claim or contingency, including tax assessments, that could have a material effect upon the financial position of the Company and the manner in which these matters are being disclosed in the financial statements;
- (d) assist the Board in fulfilling its risk oversight responsibilities by, among other things:
  - (i) ensuring that processes are in place to enable management to identify significant financial risks:
  - (ii) ensure that management establishes appropriate action plans to mitigate against such risks; and
  - (iii) monitoring management's implementation of such action plans;
- (e) review the Company's insurance program on an annual basis, including the directors' and officers' (D&O) insurance and indemnities, and consider the adequacy of such coverage; and
- (f) carry out a review of the Company's Whistleblower Policy in order to ensure that it effectively permits stakeholders to express any concerns regarding accounting, internal controls, auditing matters or financial matters to an appropriately independent individual.

## 5. Other Responsibilities

- (a) review policies and procedures with respect to directors' and officers' expense accounts and management perquisites and benefits, including their use of corporate assets and expenditures related to executive travel and entertainment, and review the results of the procedures performed in these areas by the external auditor, based on the terms of reference agreed upon by the external auditor and the Committee;
- review expenses of the Board Chair, President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer annually;
- (c) set compensation for (i) an external auditor engaged for the purpose of preparing an audit report or performing other audit review or attest services for the Company, (ii) any advisors employed by the Committee, and (iii) ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee;
- (d) ensure that management periodically reviews the Company's information systems and cyber security strategies and programs, ensure management conducts periodic training for all employees and maintains adequate IT systems for conducting its business and cyber security protocols; and
- (e) annually review and update, if applicable or necessary, this Audit Committee Charter.

# F. LIMITATION OF RESPONSIBILITY

While the Committee has the responsibilities and powers provided by this Charter, it is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with international financial reporting standards. This is the

responsibility of management (with respect to whom the Committee performs an oversight function) and the external auditors.

## G. GOVERNING LAW

This Charter shall be interpreted and enforced in accordance with the laws of the Province of British Columbia and the federal laws of Canada applicable in that province.

## H. EFFECTIVE DATE

This Charter was approved and adopted by the Board on August 24, 2015, as amended on February 23, 2022, and is and shall be effective and in full force and effect in accordance with its terms and conditions from and after such date.